

**LARP**

LARP CM12 Collaboration Meeting

April 9, 2009

Embassy Suites, Napa Valley

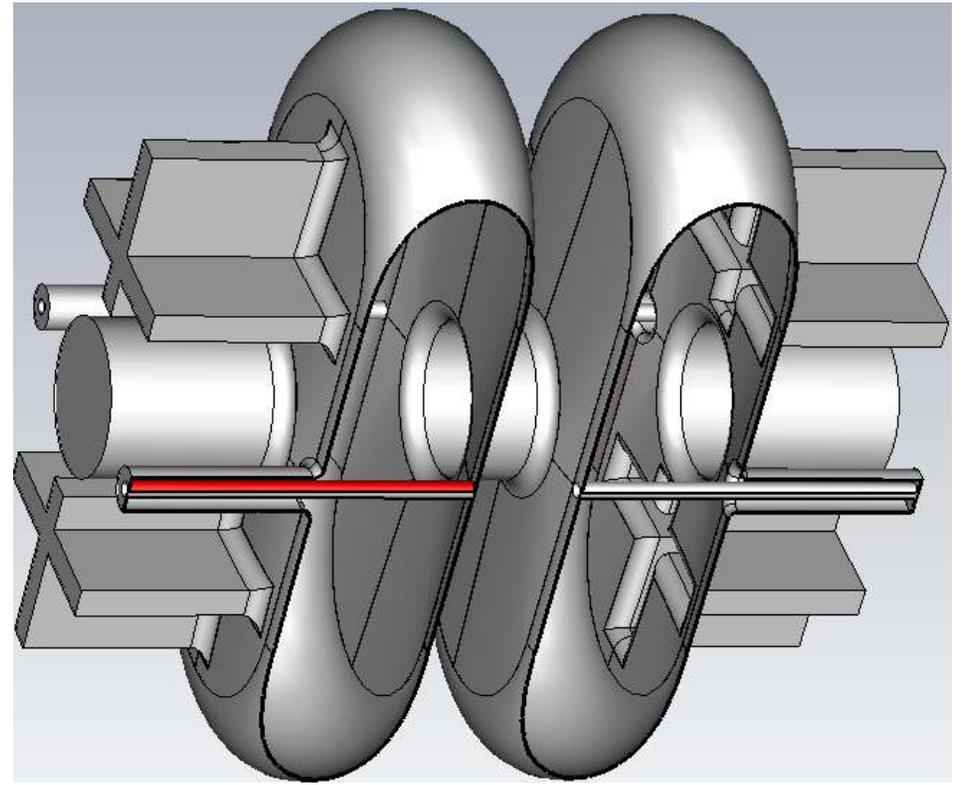
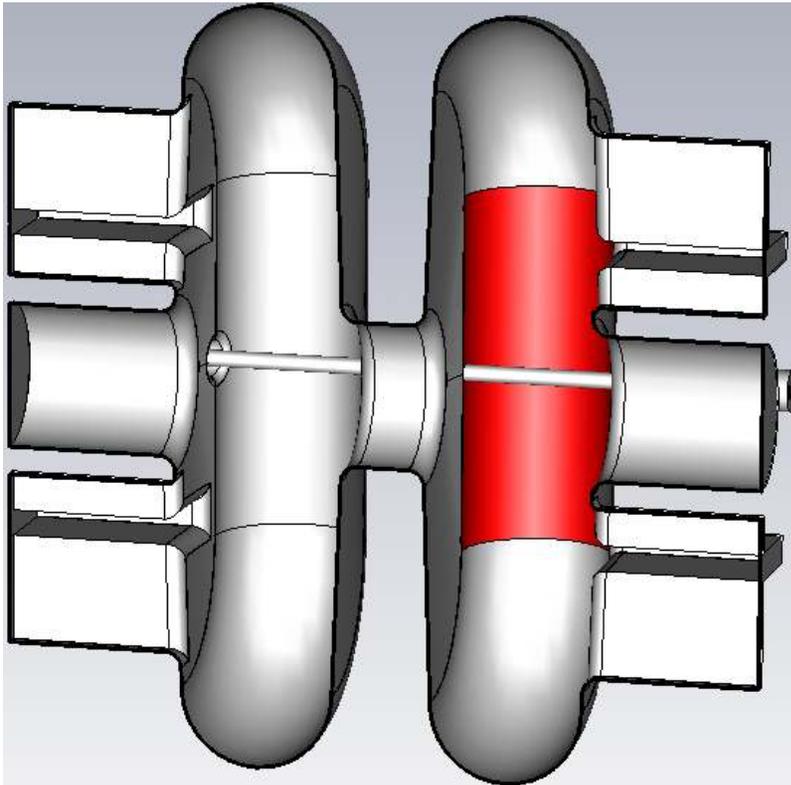


# MULTIPACTORING ANALYSIS AND CRYOSTAT DESIGN

N. Solyak, I. Gonin, V. Poloubotko, and  
V. Yakovlev

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## MP simulation in MWS (KEK-B cavity design)

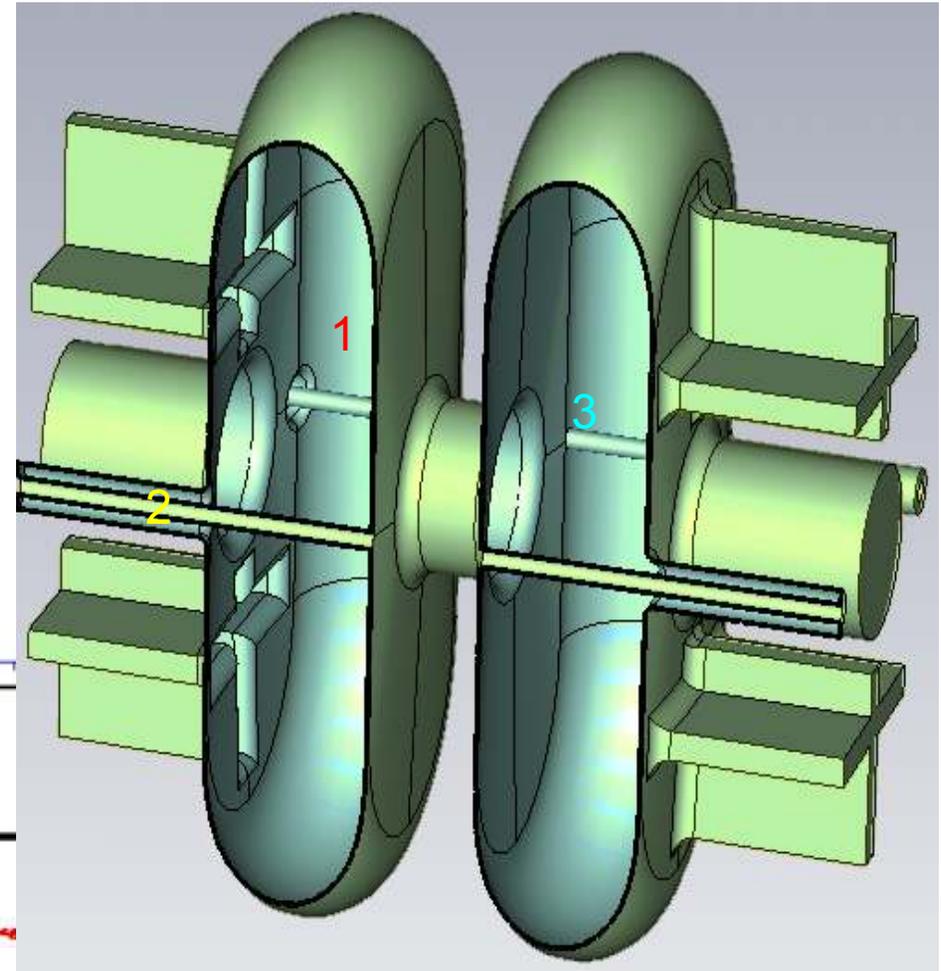


RED- surface where particles are emitted from

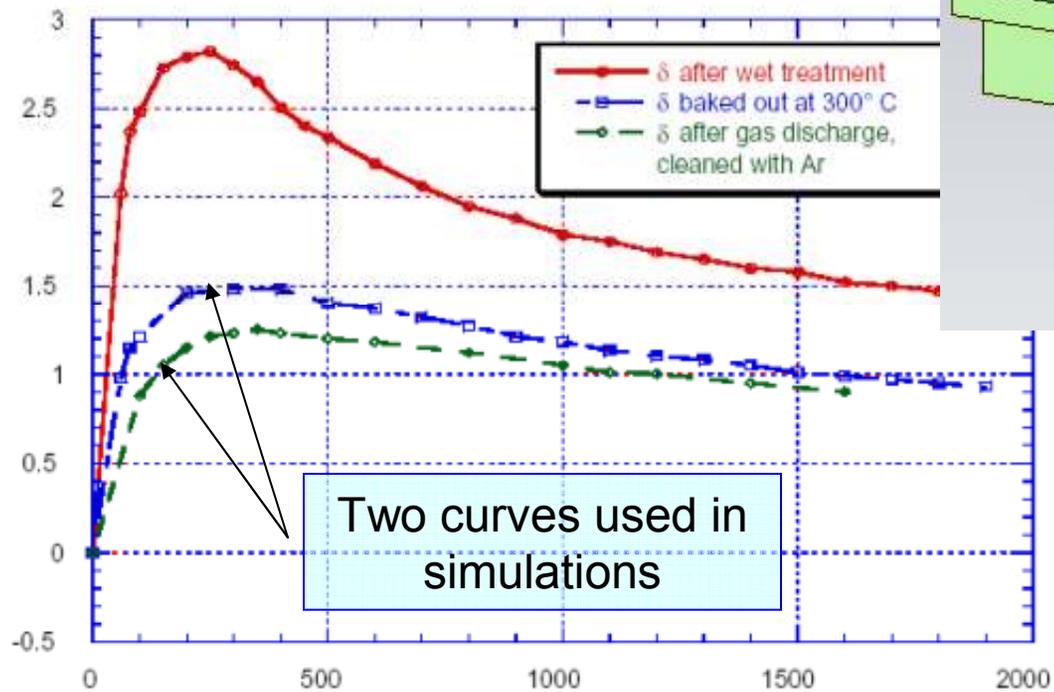
Is the Main coupler included in this model ?

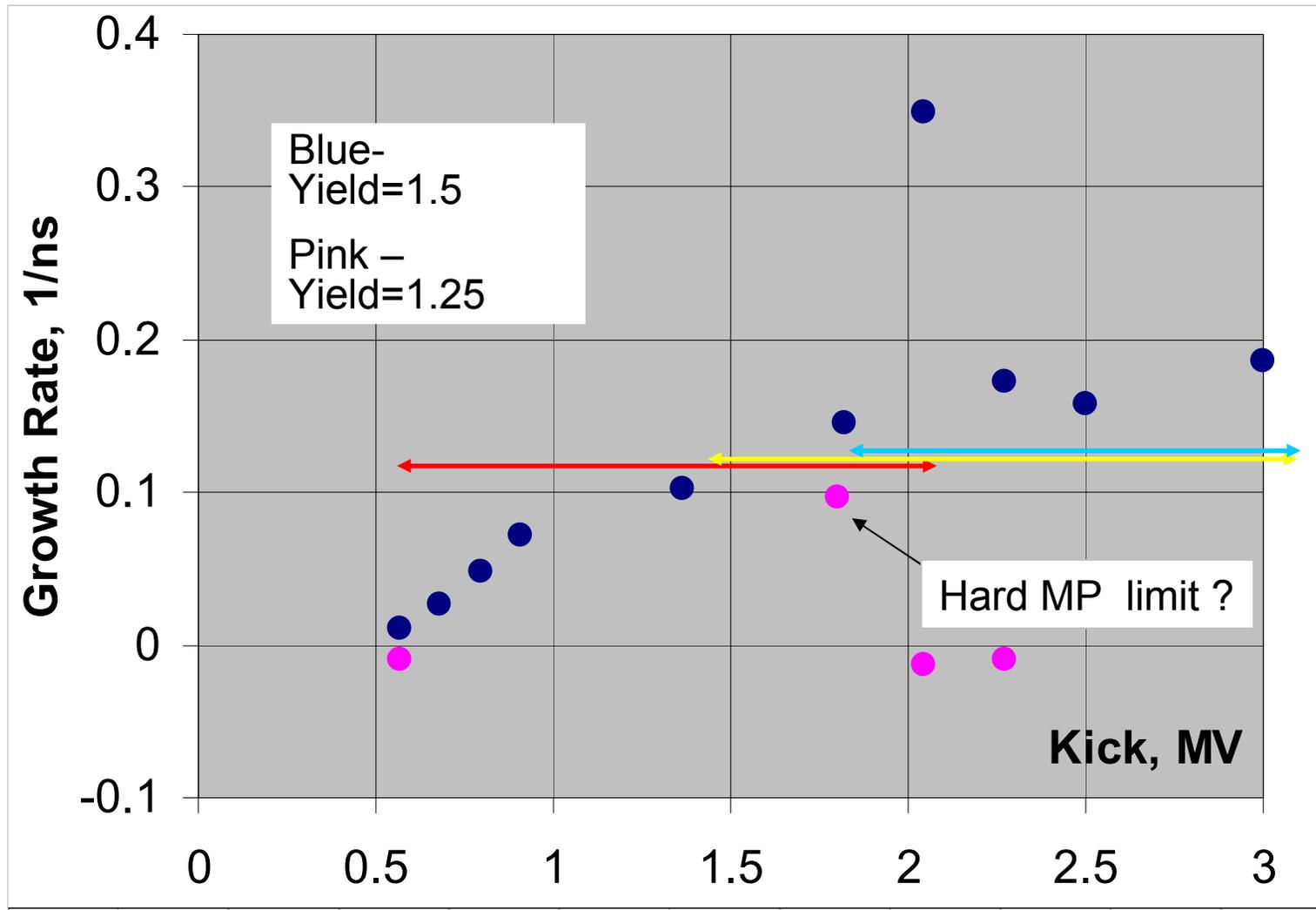
CST Particle Studio defined 3 areas with multipactoring activity in KEK Crab cavity (where Growth rate is positive).

- 1 in long part of racetrack
- 2 in coaxial
- 3 In place of connection of coaxial to the cavity wall

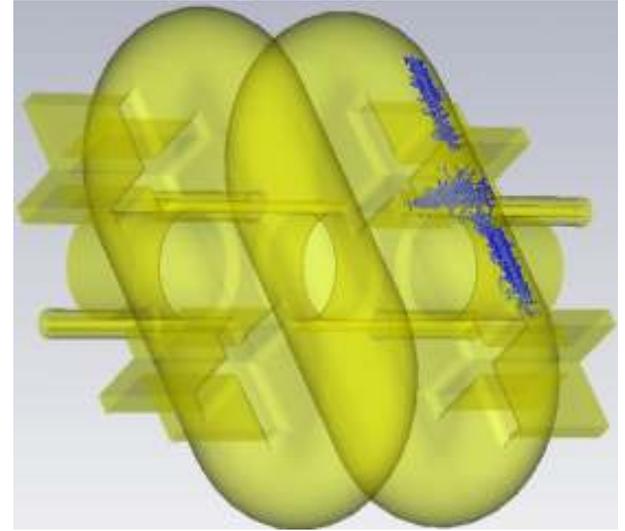
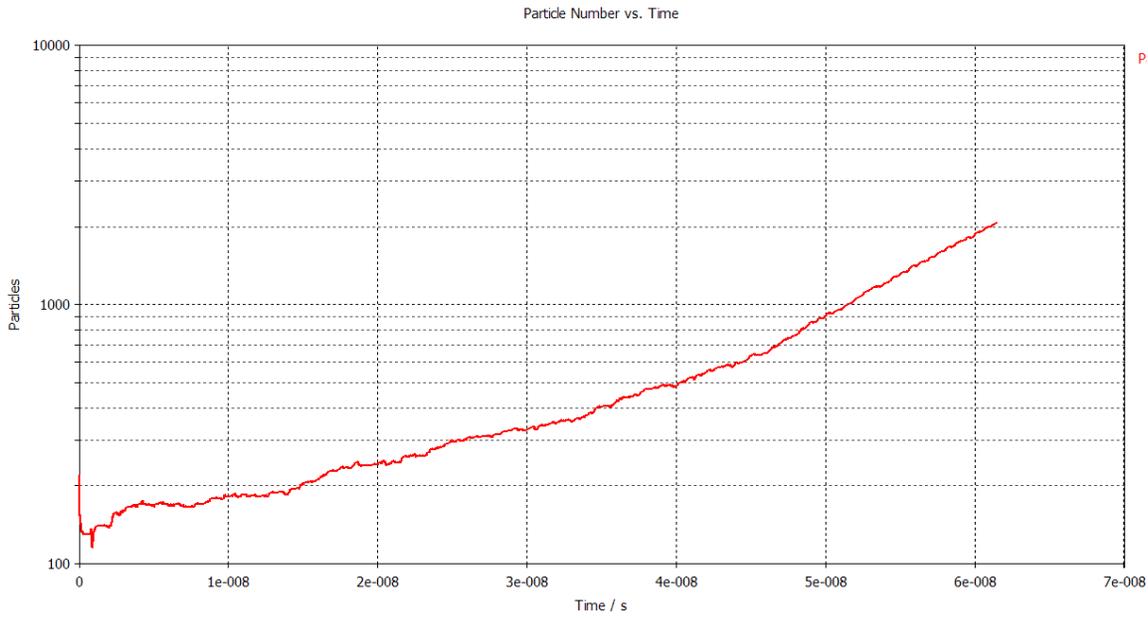


Secondary emission coefficient for Nb

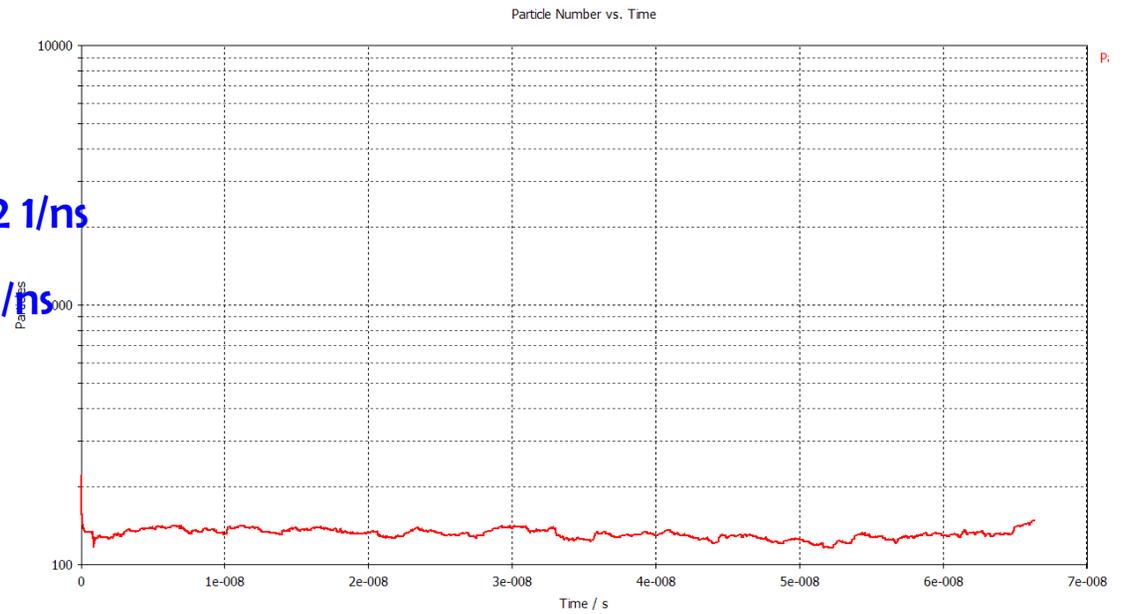


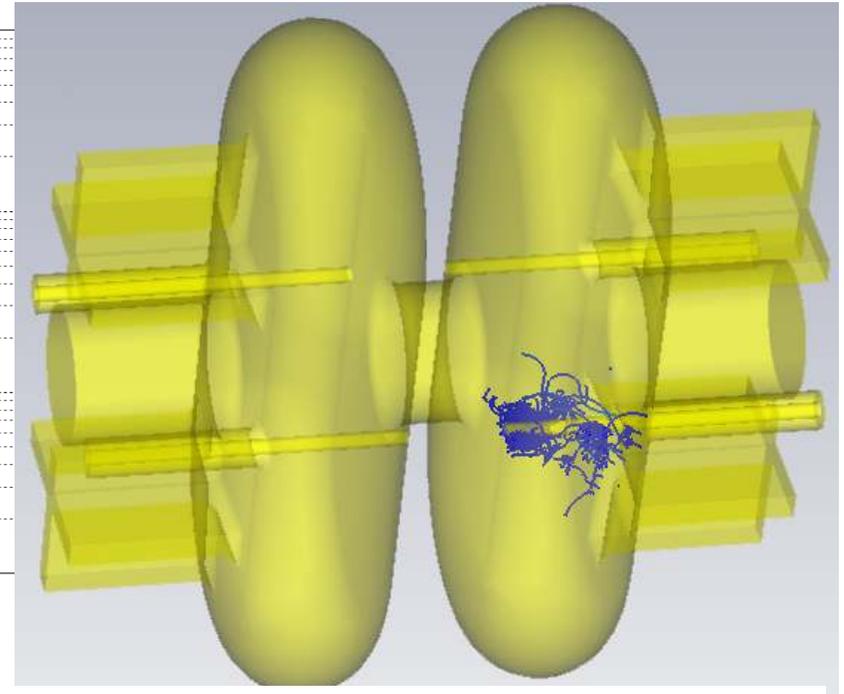
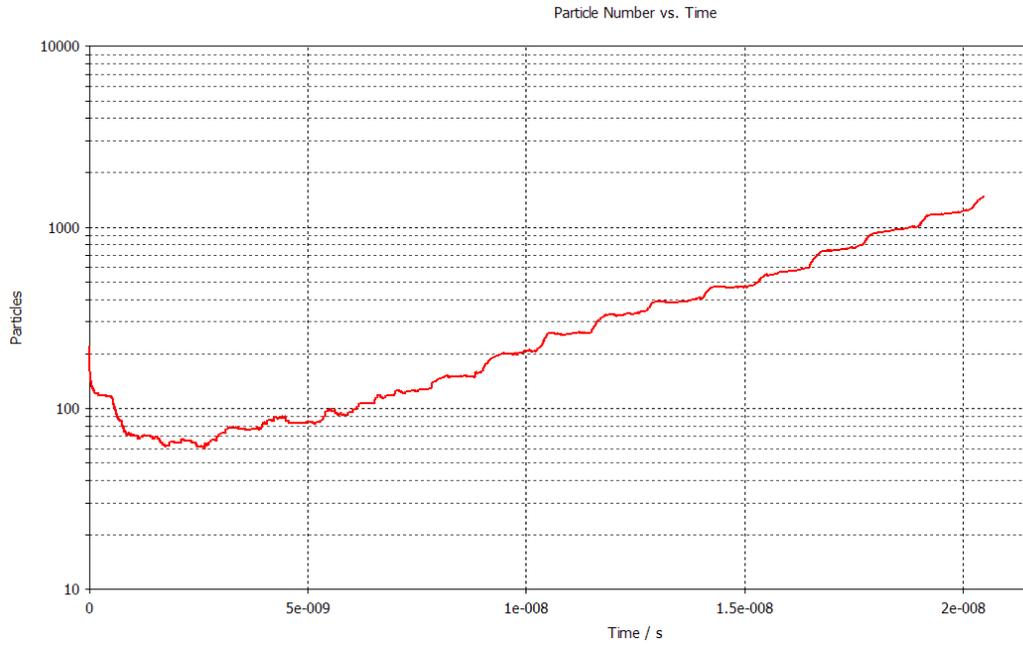


Growth rate vs Kick. Color arrows shows the range of MP taking place in 1 (side wall), 2(coaxial) and 3 (coaxial to wall connection) areas. Where the ranges are overlapped the MP in 3 area dominated.

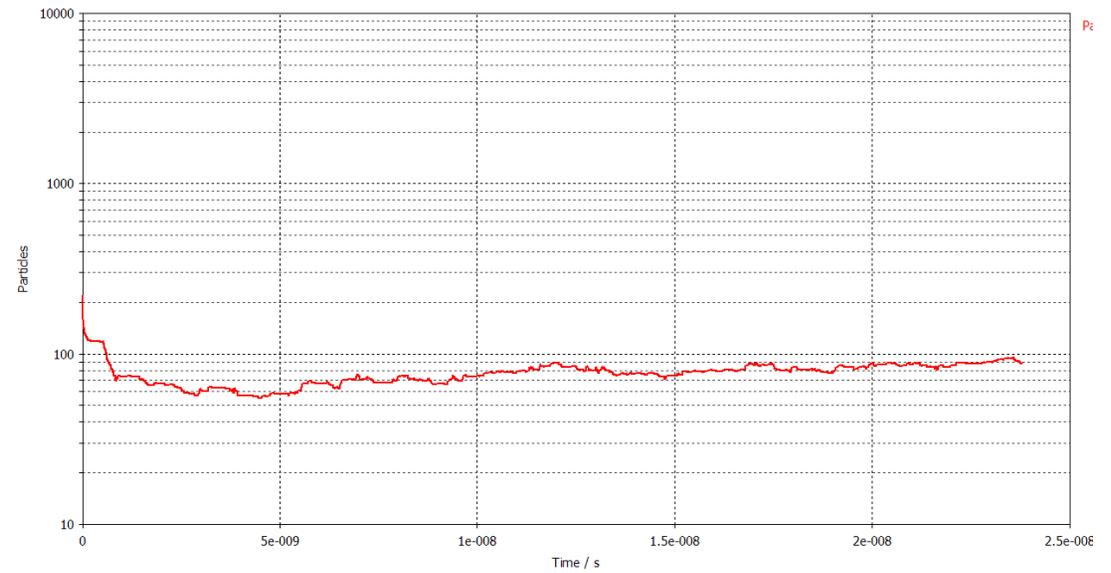


**Kick=0.9 MV**  
**Yield\_max=1.5 Growth\_rate=0.072 1/ns**  
**Yield\_max=1.25 Growth\_rate~0 1/ns**





Particle Number vs. Time

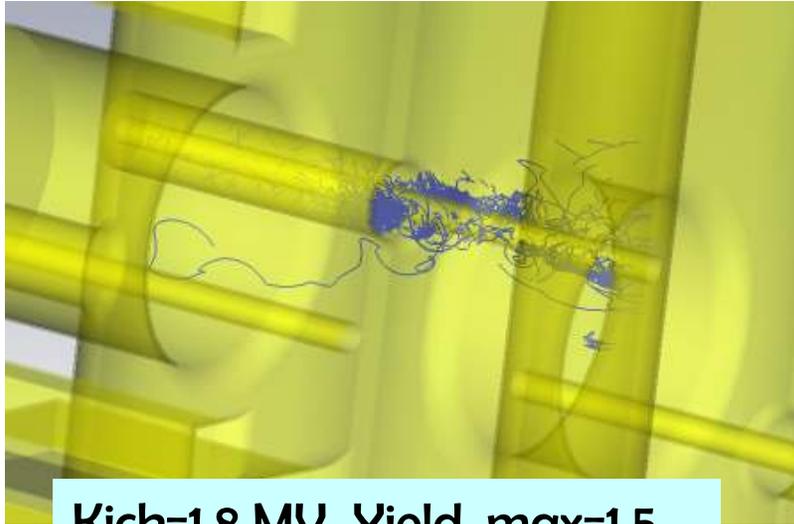


**Kick=2.5 MV**

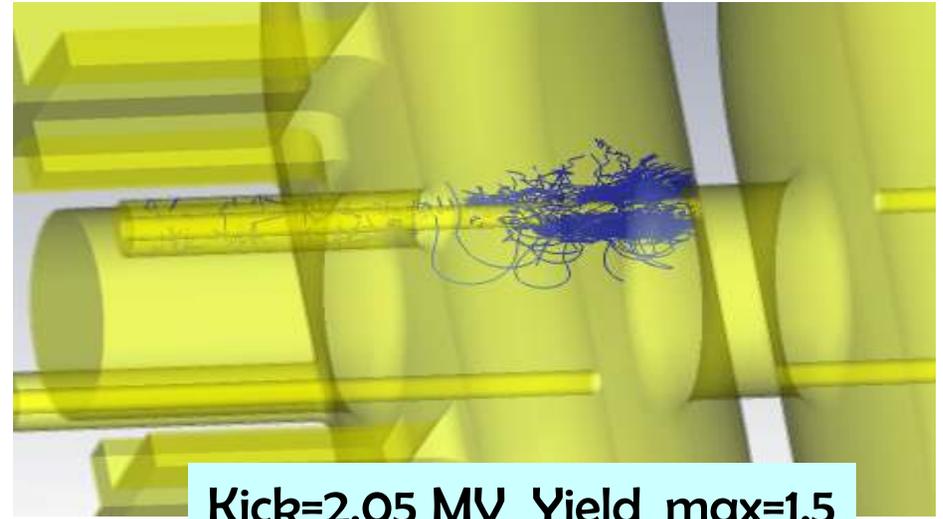
Yield\_max=1.5 Growth\_rate=0.157 1/ns

Yield\_max=1.25 Growth\_rate~0 1/ns

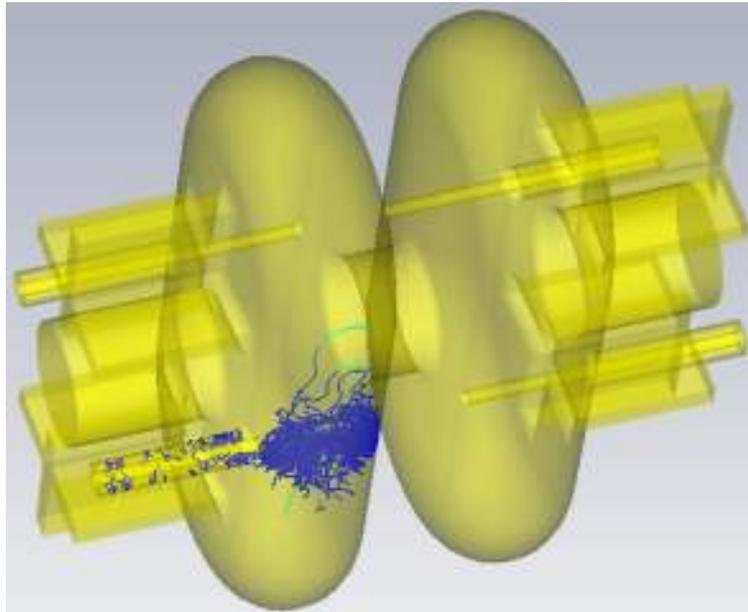
## Emission from coaxial Line



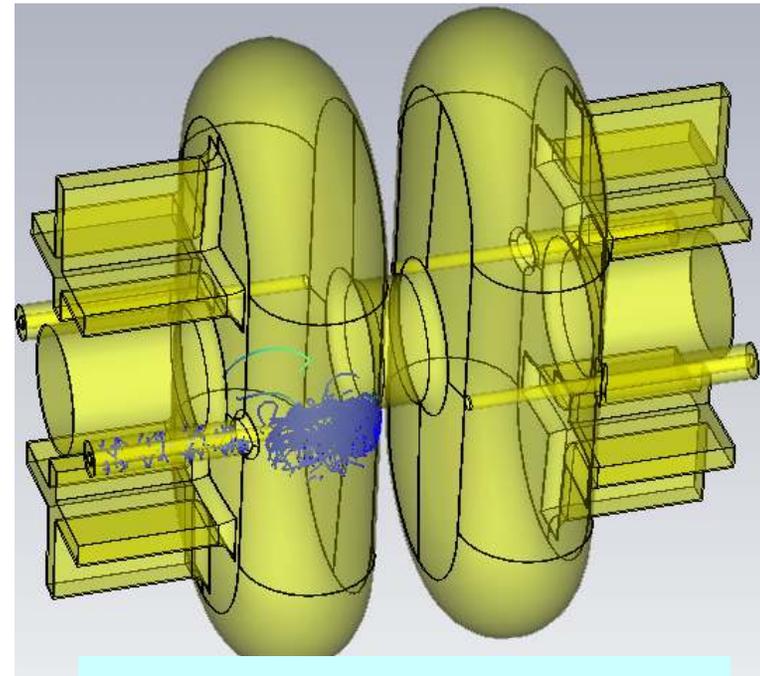
Kick=1.8 MV Yield\_max=1.5



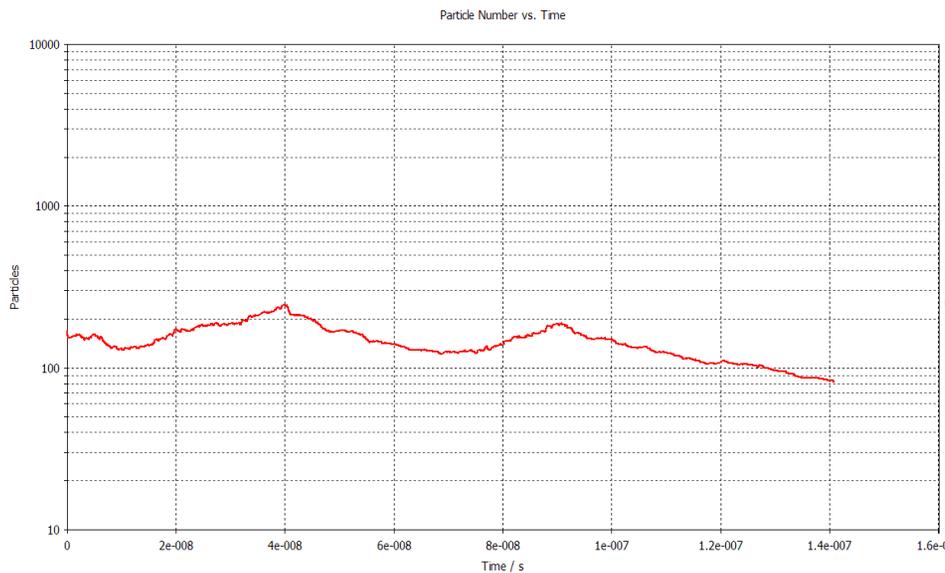
Kick=2.05 MV Yield\_max=1.5



Kick=2.25 MV Yield\_max=1.5

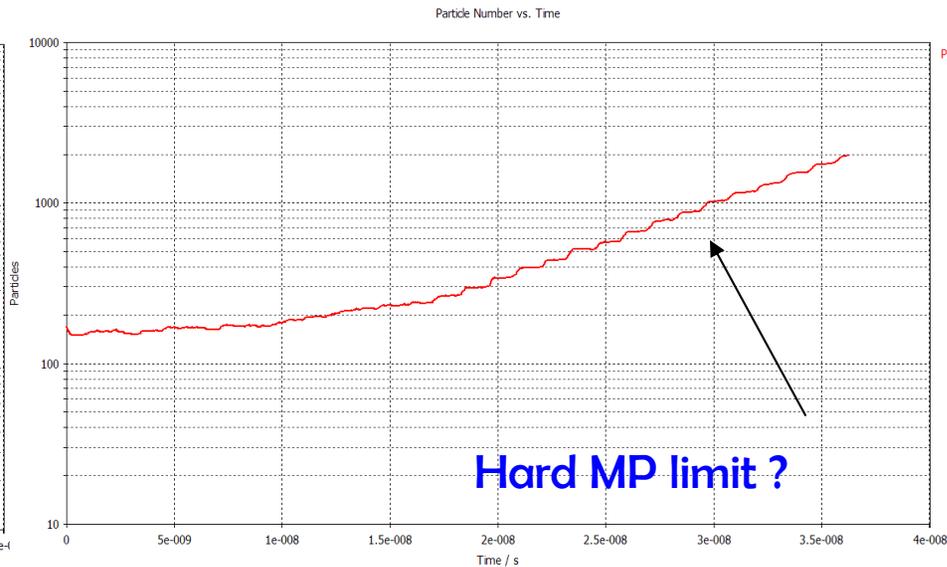


Kick=2.5 MV Yield\_max=1.5



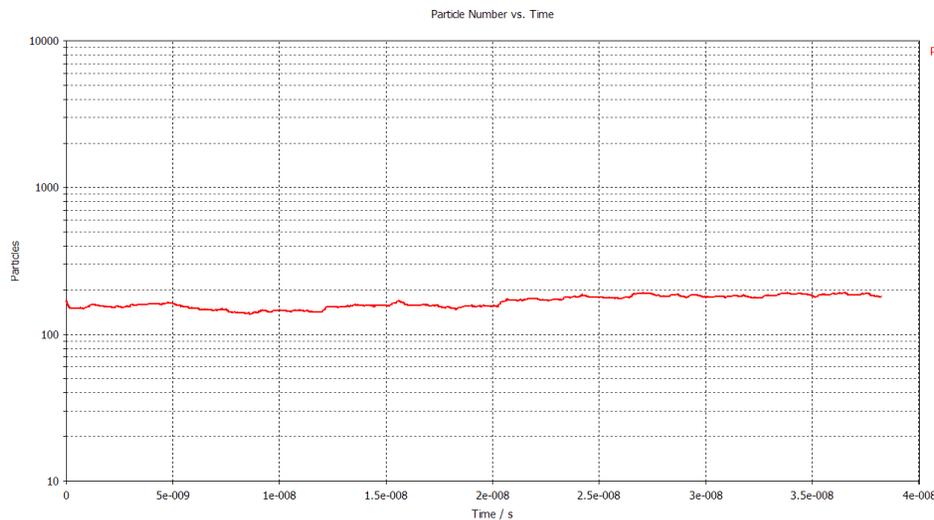
**Kick=1.6 MV**

**Yield\_max=1.25 Growth\_rate=-0.009 1/ns**



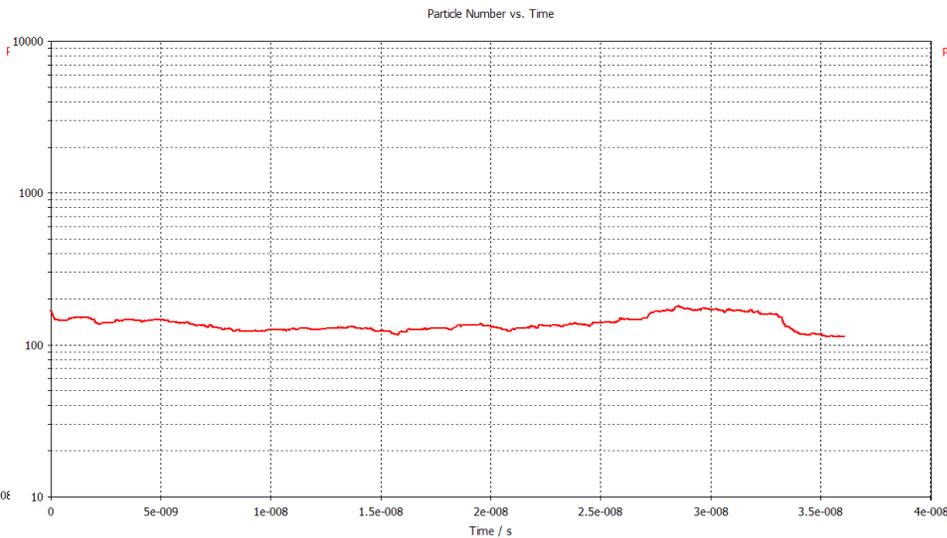
**Kick=1.8 MV**

**Yield\_max=1.25 Growth\_rate=0.097 1/ns**



**Kick=2.25 MV**

**Yield\_max=1.25 Growth\_rate~0 1/ns**



**Kick=2.5 MV**

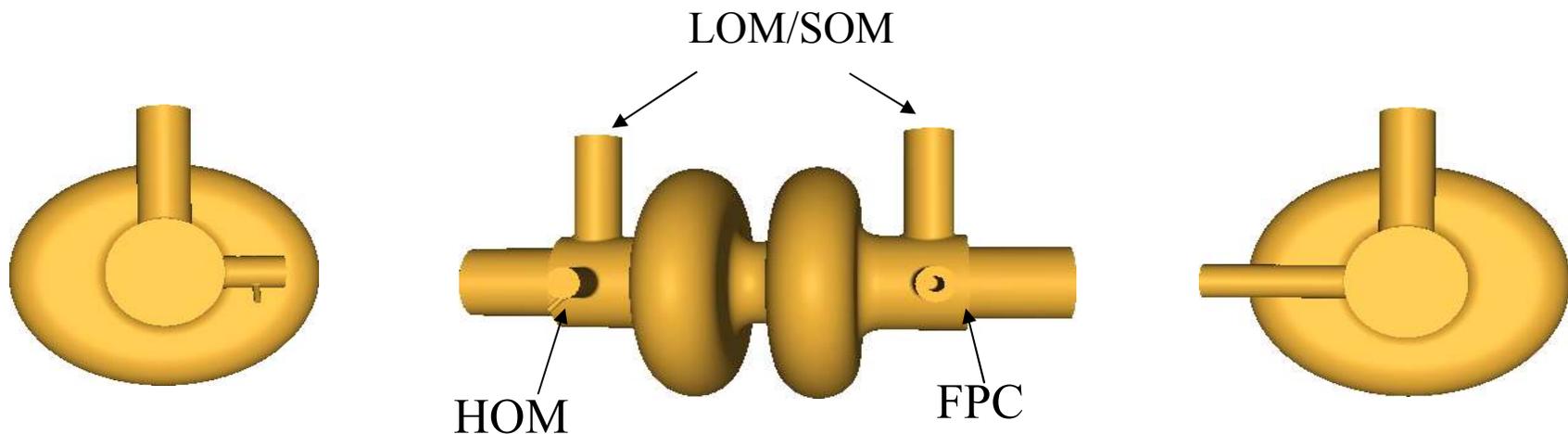
**Yield\_max=1.25 Growth\_rate~0 1/ns**

## Conclusions:

- According to the CST Particle Studio simulations, the resonance conditions for multipacting discharge take place in 3 places in different range including nominal Kick 2.5 MV ;
- The dominant MP take place in area of connection of internal road to cavity wall
- Calculation for smaller yield=1.25 max (Nb after RF power processing) shows possible hard MP limit near coaxial line at Kick 1.8 MV. Other MP zones may be qualified as Soft limit MP .

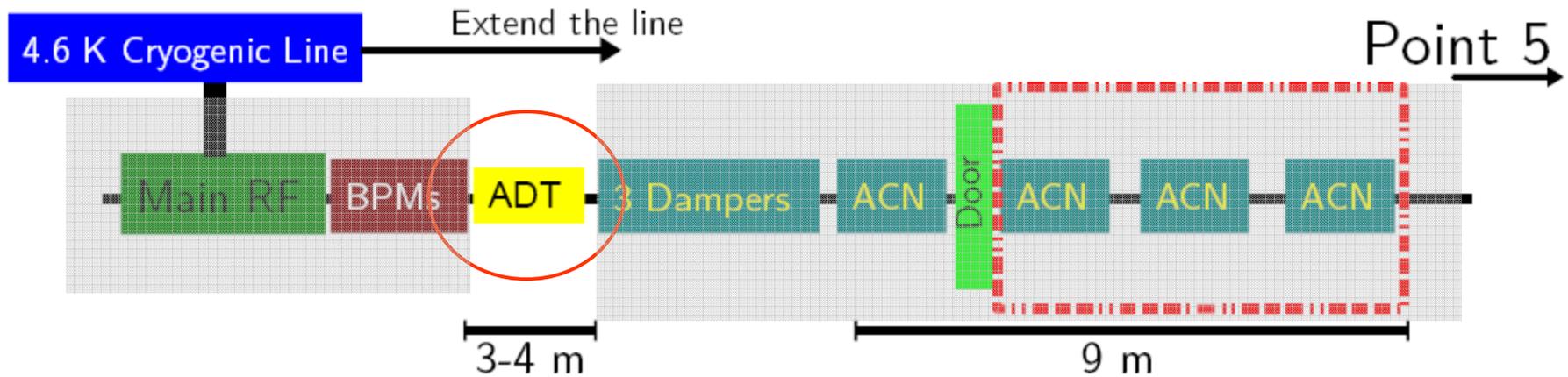
# Status of the cryostat design

- Geometrical constraints for basic SLAC CC design (couplers);
- Start conceptual design

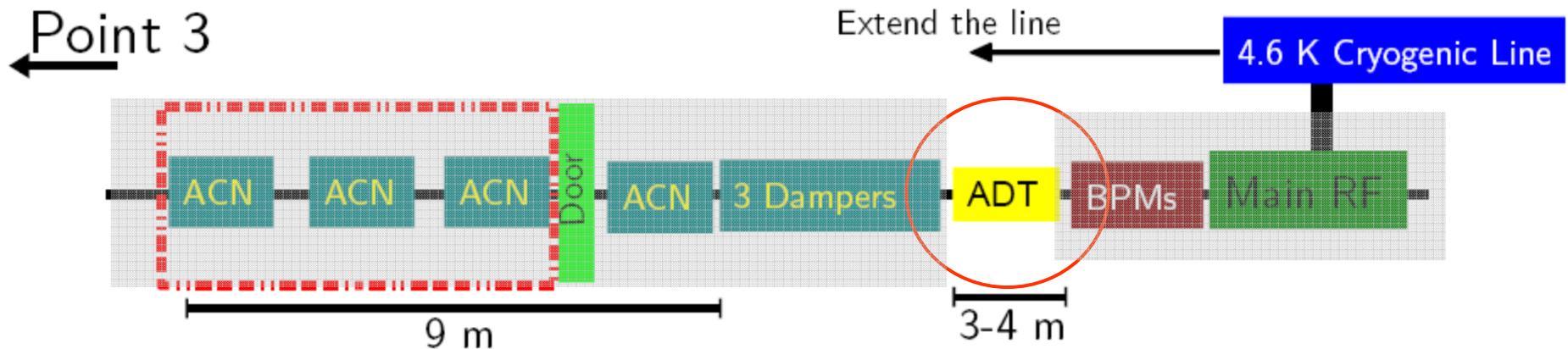




# IR4 Layout

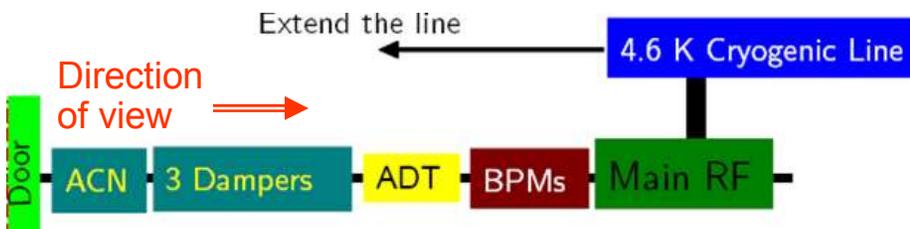


Max 3m longitudinally

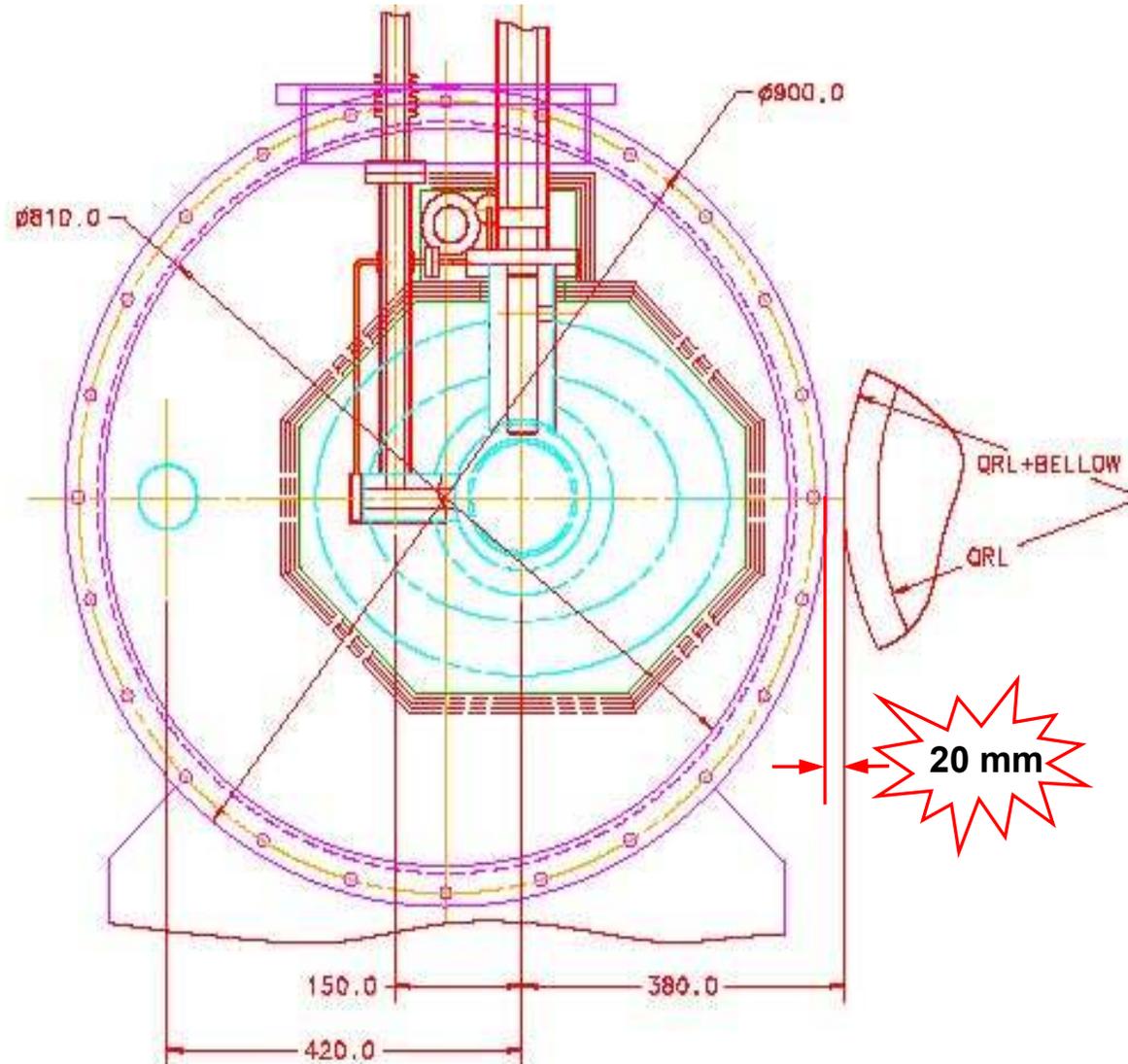




# ADT Reserved Damper Space 3-4 m

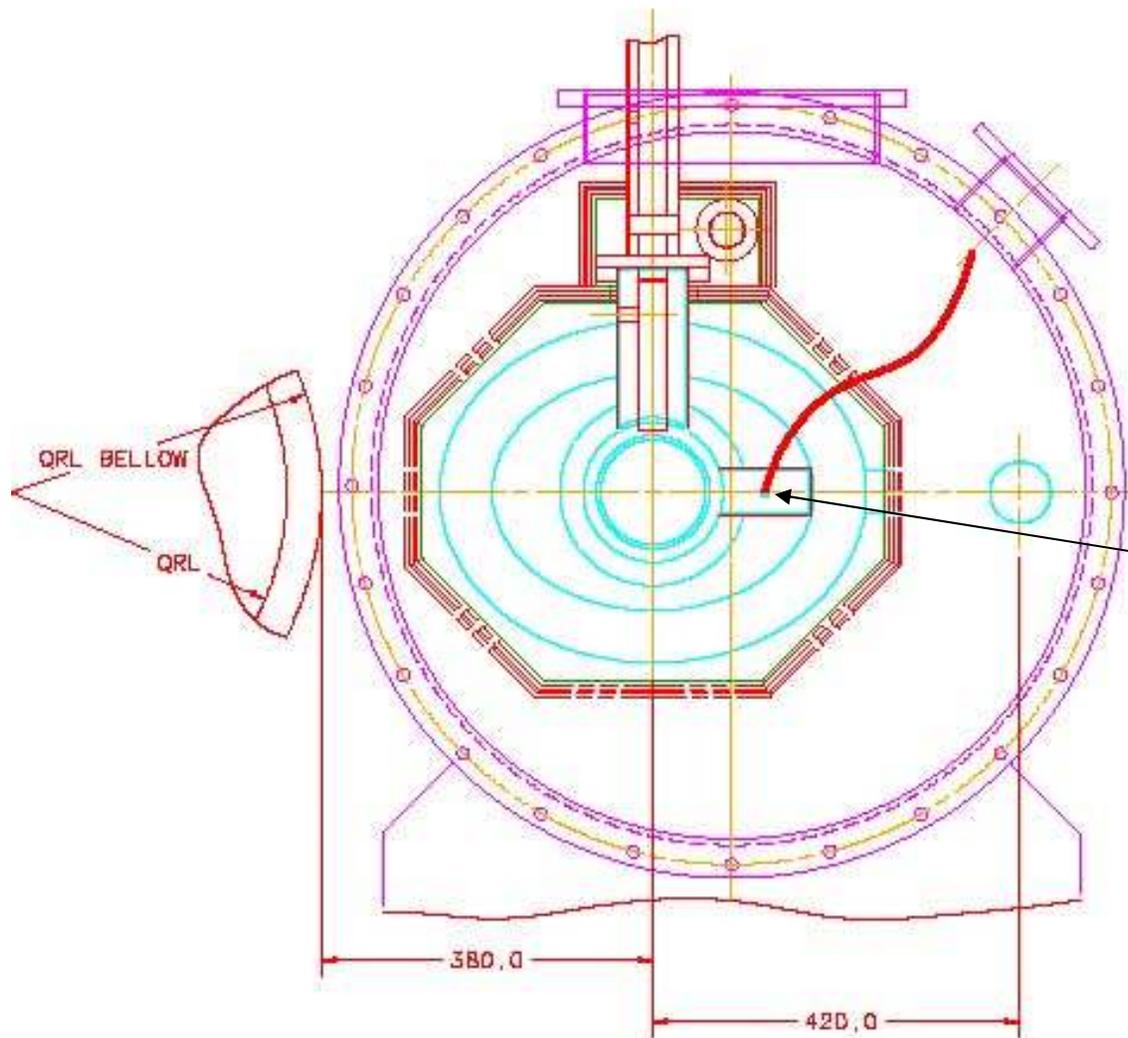


## Left of IR4, ADT (View from the Door)



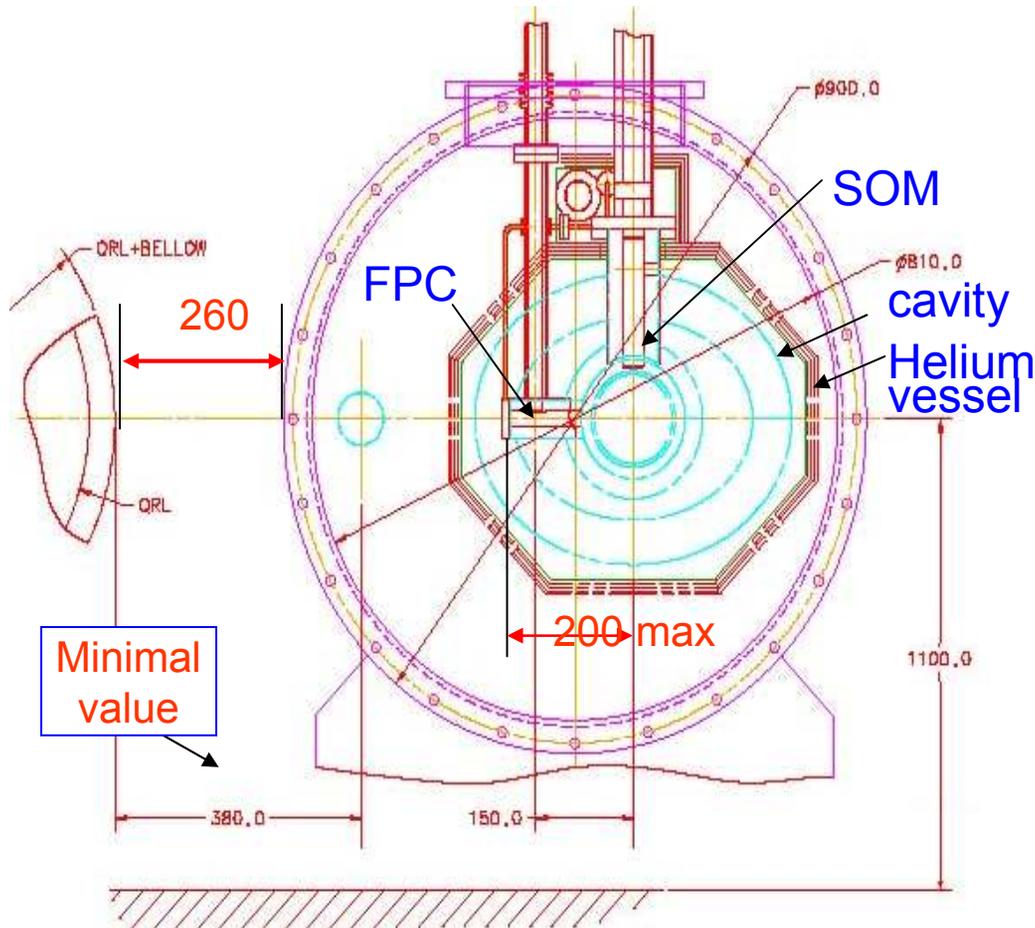
- Diameter of CM is ~ 900mm
- Very limited space between Helium vessel and cryostat wall (QRL position vs. beam)
- No way for horizontal main coupler output (limits from both sides).
- Design of the main coupler with vertical output is required. Horizontal part of the coupler is limited (< 15cm)
- LOM and SOM couplers are already in vertical plane, HOM coupler is connected by cable
- Cavity position in the cryostat is asymmetric. It will probably complicate alignment, which is more severe than for accelerating cavity

## Left of IR4, ADT (View towards the Door)



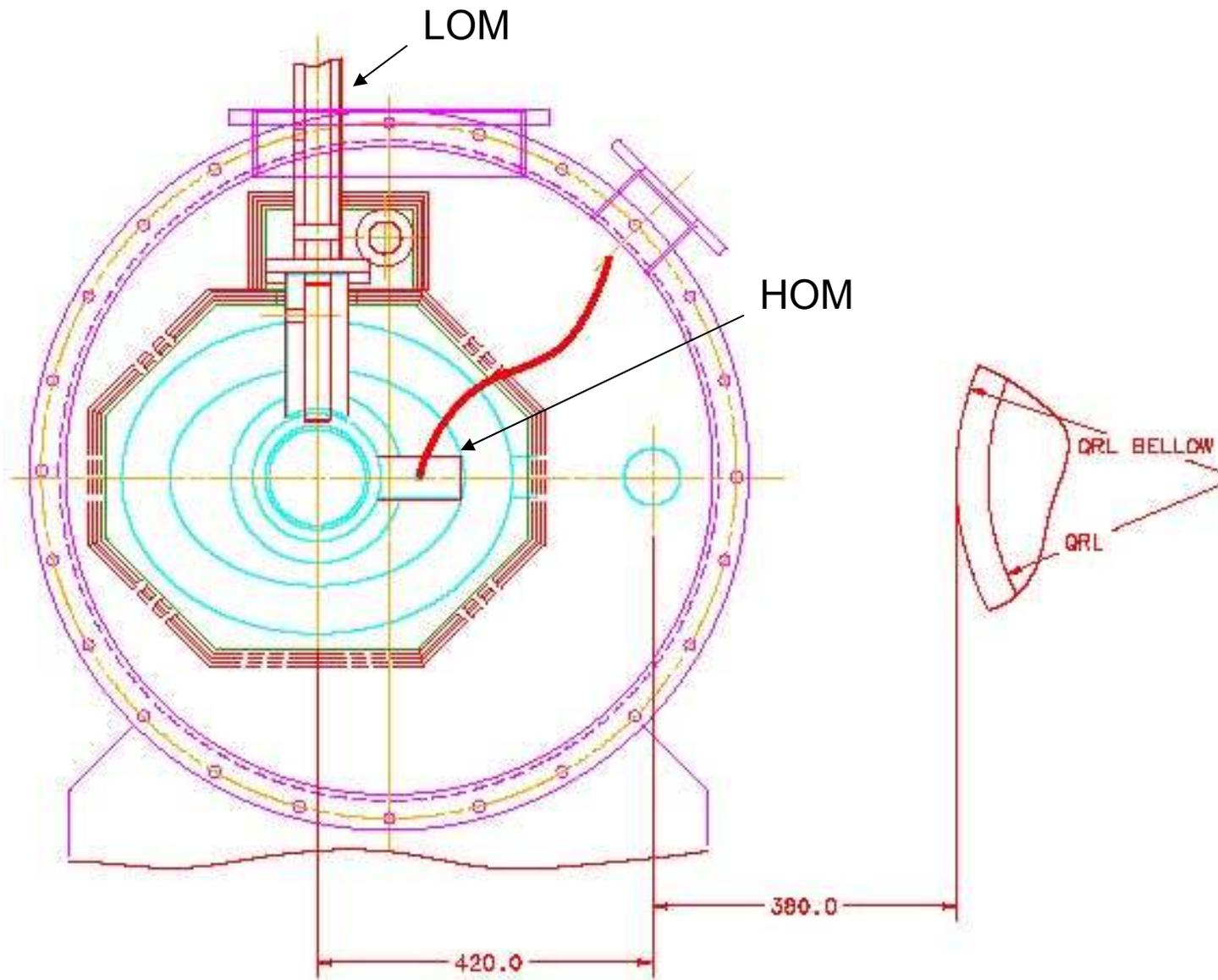
- LOM (High power) and HOM coupler are in the same side of the cavity
- HOM coupler → cable connected, port location is not limited

## Right of IR4, ADT (View towards the Door)

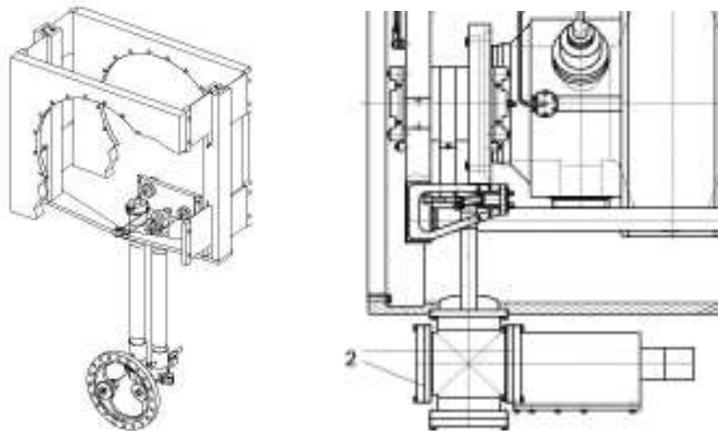
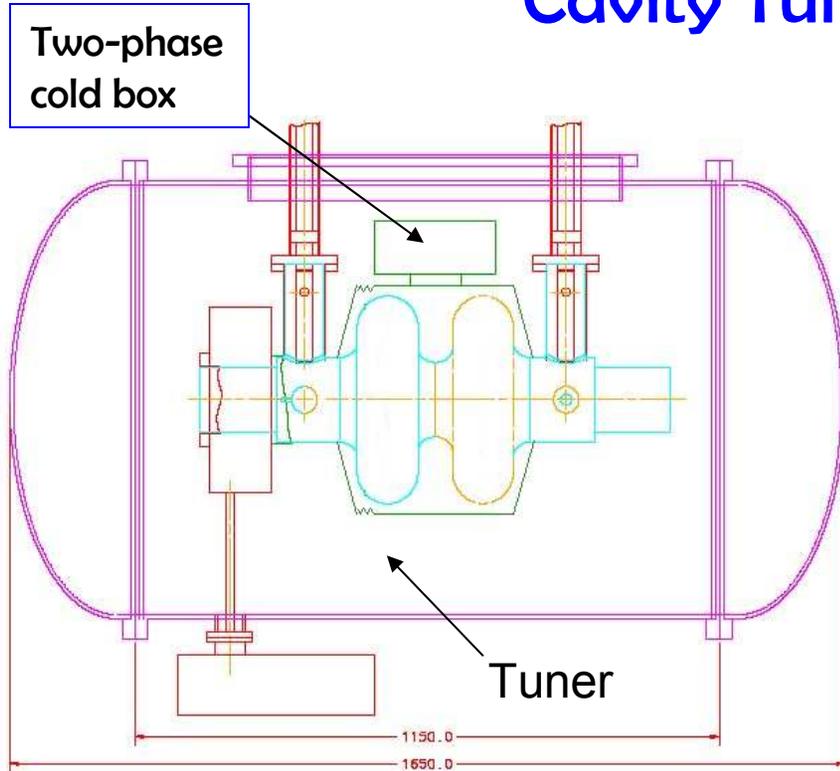


- In this location more room from left side (If needed)
- Horizontal FPC output even in this case is problematic ( limited from aisle side - transportation)

# Right of IR4, ADT (View from the Door)



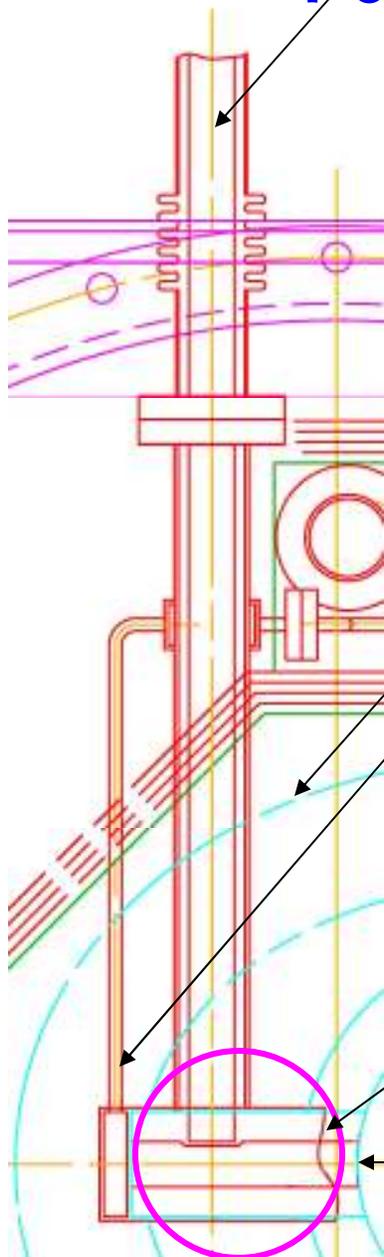
# Cavity Tuning Concepts



- Try to use CERN design with minimum modifications.
- Specifications for cavity tuning not defined (tuning range, forces, deformations of each cavity, field stability, etc ...)
- Mechanical analysis (stress, forces and deformation) of the cavity tuning. Analysis should include helium vessel and couplers.
- Helium vessel is part of cavity design, not part of cryostat design (but they should be matched)

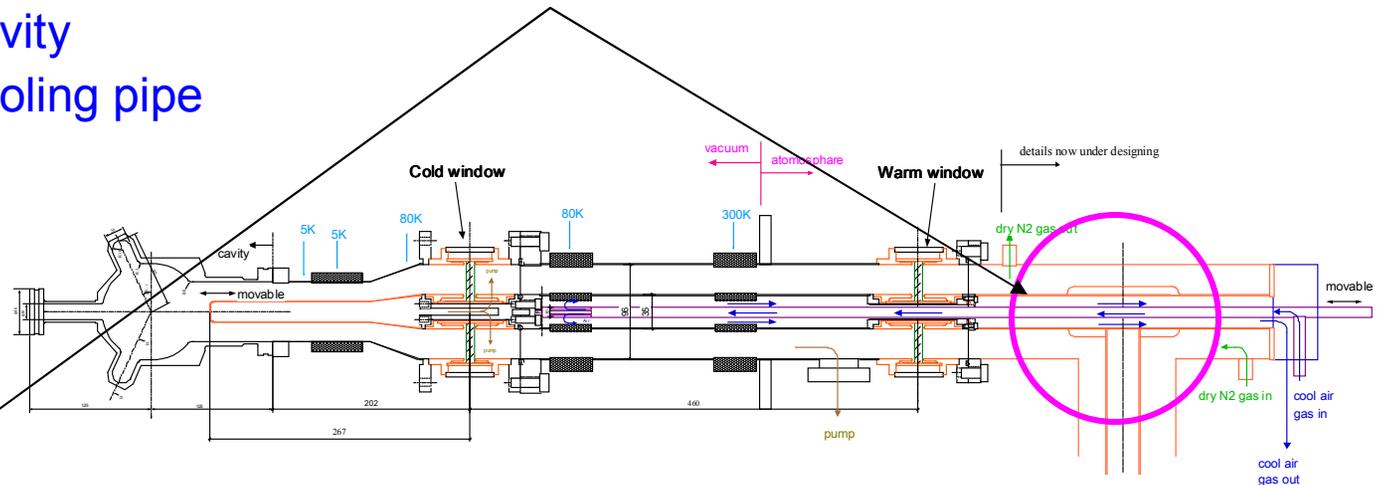
# Possible design of the FPC coupler that fits the geometrical constrains

- No room for FPC in horizontal direction;
- Central electrode of FPC is to be cooled; No concept design of the coupler with cooling yet.
- Do we need adjustable power coupler ?
- Possible solution: T-connection like in KEK Tristan-type ERL coupler

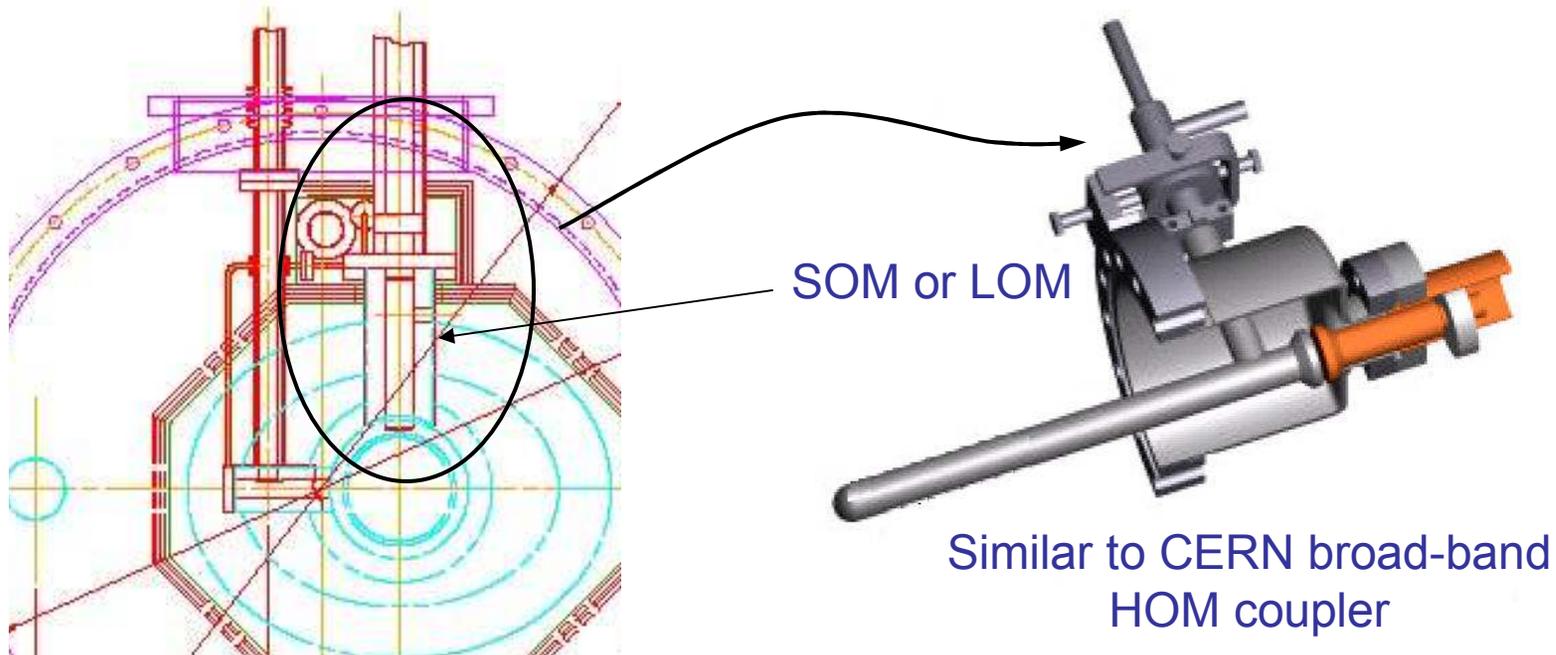


cavity  
cooling pipe

FPC



## Possible design of the LOM/SOM coupler



- Need realistic concept of all couplers (level of details enough for CM design, see example of CERN coupler), that includes:
  - How to assemble
  - Assembly tolerances
  - Cooling scheme

# Summary:

- The work on the cryostat mechanical design is started
- The details of the cryostat position and distances to the critical elements of the environment are to be clarified;
- More detailed cavity package design is required:
  - Specification (cooling, tuning, forces, etc...) and mechanical/alignment tolerances
  - Real design of the couplers (FPC, LOM, SOM. HOM) - cooling, supports, assembly.
  - Helium vessel